



MEMBRANE BOX MSDS

Technical Datasheet

The enclosed Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) presents data applicable for the raw materials used in the preparation of the membrane box and is based on information obtained from the raw material supplier.

The toxicity information indicates that adverse effects are unlikely to result from exposure to these materials during industrial handling. They are unlikely to cause eye or shin irritation and are unlikely to cause any adverse systemic injury from skin absorption, oral injection or inhalation.

Section 1: Supplier Information

Common Name: Transparent Membrane Box
Supplier: Gel-Pak
City/State/Zip: Hayward, CA 94544
Phone: 1-510-576-2220

Section 2: General Information

Common Name: Membrane Box
Main Ingredient: Polystyrene + Proprietary Membrane Information
Product CAS #: 9003-53-6
Un No: 2211

GEL-PAK

31398 Huntwood Avenue, Hayward, CA 94544

Toll-Free 888-621-4147 **Phone** 510-576-2220 **Fax** 510-576-2282

Website www.gelpak.com

Division of

DELPHON

Section 3: Hazards Identification

Eyes:	Mild irritation
Skin Contact:	Short exposure - no irritation; repeated prolonged exposure (especially if confined) - mild irritation, possibly a mild superficial burn.
Skin Adsorption:	Not likely to be absorbed in toxic amounts; possibly weak sensitizer
Ingestion	Low single dose toxicity
Inhalation:	No guide established; considered to be low hazard from inhalation
Systemic & Other Effects:	None known

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Eyes:	Flushing the eye immediately with water for 15 minutes is a good safety practice. Physician should stain for evidence of corneal injury.
Skin:	Contact may cause slight irritation. Wash off in flowing water or shower. Wash clothing before reuse. Treat as any contact dermatitis. If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn.
Ingestion:	Low in toxicity. Induce vomiting if large amounts are ingested.
Inhalation:	Remove to fresh air if effects occur. Consult medical personnel.
Systemic & Other Effects:	Human effects not established. No specific antidote. Treatment based on sound judgment of physician and the individual reactions of the patient.

Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media:	Water fog
Special Firefighting Methods:	Not applicable
Unusual Fire & Exploding Hazards:	The dried resin is flammable similar to wood. Burning dry resin emits dense, black smoke. Suspended material is not flammable.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Any information listed below is to be considered in addition to internal guidelines for isolation of spill, containment of spill, removal of ignition sources from immediate area, and collection for disposal of spill by trained, properly protected clean up personnel.

Flush area with water immediately. Avoid unnecessary exposure and contact.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Ventilation:	Good room ventilation usually adequate for most operations.
Respiratory Protection:	None normally needed. In cases where there is a likelihood of inhalation exposure to dried particles, wear NIOSH approved dust respirator.
Storage:	Keep at room temperature. No safety problems known.

Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Respiratory Protection:	None normally needed. In cases where there is a likelihood of inhalation exposure to dried particles, wear a NIOSH approved dust respirator.
Wash / Hygienic Practices:	Wash with soap and water when leaving work area and before eating, smoking, and using restroom facilities.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Boiling Point	350°C
Tg:	80°C
Density:	0.95 - 1.05 g/cc
Solubility:	emulsion
Appearance:	milky white liquid emulsion

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Stability:	Stable under normal conditions. See Section 7.
Incompatibility:	My irreversibly aggregate if frozen at 0°C / 32°F. Addition of chemicals may cause coagulation.

Hazardous Combustion or Dried resin is combustible. If burned, produces a dense, black smoke and noxious Decomposition Products: gasses (carbon monoxide and hydrocarbons).

Section 11: Toxicological Information

No data

Section 12: Ecological Information

No data

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

In large amounts, will color streams and rivers. Has practically no biological oxygen demand, but will settle out and form sludge or film. Large amounts may plug up sanitary sewers. Divert to pond or burn solid waste in an adequate incinerator.

Section 14: Transportation Data

No data

Section 15: Regulatory Information

No data